

Entrance Exam (Engineering)
Mathematics Exam

Septembre 17, 2020

Time: 2 hours

N.B.: The questions 1, 2, 3 are obligatory

Exercise 1. (28 points)

Part A

Let g be the function defined over $]0; +\infty[$ by: $g(x) = x + \ln(x)$.

- 1) Determine $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x)$.
- 2) Calculate $g'(x)$ and set up the table of variations of g .
- 3) a- Prove that the equation $g(x) = 0$ has a unique solution α , and verify that $0.5 < \alpha < 0.6$.
b- Discuss, according to the values of x , the sign of $g(x)$.

Part B

Let f be the function defined over $]0; +\infty[$: $f(x) = x(2 \ln x + x - 2)$ and designate by (C) the representative curve of f in an orthonormal system $(O; \vec{i}, \vec{j})$.

- 1) Determine $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ and calculate $f(e)$.
- 2) Show that $f(\alpha) = -\alpha(\alpha + 2)$.
- 3) Verify that $f'(x) = 2g(x)$ and set up the table of variations of $f(x)$.
- 4) Draw (C). (Take $\alpha = 0,55$).
- 5) Use integration by parts to calculate $\int_{0,5}^1 x \ln x \, dx$ and deduce the area of the region bounded by the

curve (C), the axis of abscissas and the two lines with equations $x=0.5$ and $x=1$.

Exercise 2. (14 points)

A box V contains cards such that:

- 20% of the cards are blue and the other cards are red;
- 40% of the blue cards have odd numbers;
- 32% of the total cards carry odd numbers.

1) A card is randomly selected from box V.

Consider the following events:

- B : «select a blue card »
- R : «select a red card »
- O: «select a card carrying an odd number ».

a- Calculate the probabilities $p(O \cap B)$ and verify that $p(O \cap R) = 0.24$.

b- Deduce $p(O/R)$.

c- The selected card does not carry an odd number, what is the probability that it is red?

2) In this part, suppose that the number of cards in box V is 50. Three cards are randomly and simultaneously selected from V.

Consider the following events:

- M: «among the three selected cards, exactly two carry odd numbers»
- N: «the three selected cards are blue»
- L: « among the three selected cards, exactly two carry odd numbers and one is blue».

Calculate the probability $p(M)$; $p(N/M)$ and $p(L)$.

Exercise 3. (10.5 points)

Rami withdraws from the ATM of his bank a sum of 725 \$. The ATM gave him 45 bills, including:

- Bills of 5\$
- Bills of 10\$
- Bills of 20\$

After he left the bank, Rami went to a store. After passing through the cashier, he had half number of 10 \$ bills, half bills of 20 \$, same number of 5 \$ bills and a total sum of 375 \$.

1) Write a system of three equations with three unknowns that translates the text above.

2) By solving the previous system, calculate the number of bills of 5\$, 10\$ and 20\$ that remain with Rami after leaving the store.

NB: Choose one of the two questions 4 or 5

Exercise 4. (17.5 points)

In the space of an orthonormal system $(O; \vec{i}, \vec{j}, \vec{k})$, consider the plane (P) with equation:

$x + y + z - 1 = 0$, and the two lines (d) and (d') defined as:

$$(d): \begin{cases} x = m + 1 \\ y = 2m + 1 \\ z = 2m + 2 \end{cases} \text{ and } (d'): \begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 5t - 3 \\ z = 4t \end{cases} \text{ (} m \text{ and } t \text{ are real parameters)}$$

- 1) Find the coordinates of A, the common point between (d) and (P) .
- 2) Verify that A is on line (d') , and that (d') is contained in plane (P) .
- 3) a- Write an equation of plane (Q) determined by the lines (d) and (d') .
b- Show that the two planes (P) and (Q) are perpendicular.
- 4) Let $B(1; 1; 2)$ be a point on (d) .

Calculate the distance from point B to line (d')

Exercise 5. (17.5 points)

In the complex plane referred to a direct orthonormal system $(O; \vec{u}, \vec{v})$, consider the points A, B, M

and M' with respective affixes 2, $-i$, z and z' so that $z' = \frac{iz - 1}{z - i}$, ($z \neq i$).

- 1) Find the coordinates of M when $z' = 1 + 2i$.
- 2) Give a geometric interpretation for $|z - 1|$, $|iz - 1|$ and determine the set of points M such that

$$|z - 1| = |iz - 1|.$$

- 3) Let $z = x + iy$ and $z' = x' + iy'$

- a- Calculate x' and y' in terms of x and y .
- b- Show that if z' is pure imaginary, then M moves on a straight line whose equation is to be determined.
- c- Show that if z is real, then M' moves on a straight line whose equation is to be determined.